

# Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification

**Product Name:** STRUST SSPR 6PK LEAK SEAL BLACK      **Revision Date:** 5/15/2015  
**Product Identifier:** 265494      **Supersedes Date:** 3/19/2014  
**Product Use/Class:** Leak Sealer/Aerosols  
**Supplier:** Rust-Oleum Corporation      **Manufacturer:** Rust-Oleum Corporation  
 11 Hawthorn Parkway      11 Hawthorn Parkway  
 Vernon Hills, IL 60061      Vernon Hills, IL 60061  
 USA      USA  
**Preparer:** Regulatory Department  
**Emergency Telephone:** 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

## 2. Hazard Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Danger! Poison, contains methyl alcohol. Vapor harmful. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Contents Under Pressure. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation.

### Classification

#### Symbol(s) of Product



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### Possible Hazards

59% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

#### GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Flammable Liquid, category 1	H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5	H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5	H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aspiration Hazard, category 2	H305	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways
Eye Irritation, category 2B	H320	Causes eye irritation
Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects . Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one ingredient is present at or above 0.1% Applies to liquids, Solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.

### GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P375	Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P234	Keep only in original container.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P264	Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P350	Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
P374	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
P402	Store in a dry place.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	10-25	GHS08	H340-350
Propane	74-98-6	10-25		
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	10-25	GHS06	H310
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10		
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-332-315
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06	H225-310-336-319
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-336
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS06	H225-331-335-319
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02	H251

Methanol

67-56-1 0.1-1.0

GHS02-GHS06-  
GHS08

H225-370-311-331

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

#### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

#### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Keep containers tightly closed.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	25.0	350 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust)	N.E.	20 mppcf (Mineral Dust <1% Quartz)	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	5.0	400 ppm	N.E.	400 ppm	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5.0	20 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable Dust)	N.E.	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N.E.
Methanol	67-56-1	1.0	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	N.E.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance:</b>	Aerosolized Mist	<b>Physical State:</b>	Liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	Solvent Like	<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	N.E.
<b>Relative Density:</b>	0.783	<b>pH:</b>	N.A.
<b>Freeze Point, °C:</b>	N.D.	<b>Viscosity:</b>	No Information
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Negligible	<b>Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water:</b>	No Information
<b>Decomposition Temp., °C:</b>	No Information	<b>Explosive Limits, vol%:</b>	0.9 - 36.0
<b>Boiling Range, °C:</b>	-11 - 999	<b>Flash Point, °C:</b>	-105
<b>Flammability:</b>	Supports Combustion	<b>Auto-ignition Temp., °C:</b>	No Information
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Faster than Ether	<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	No Information
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:** Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde. By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur under normal conditions.

**STABILITY:** May form peroxides of unknown stability. This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## 11. Toxicological information

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** Causes Serious Eye Irritation

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Poison, may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac

abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

**PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:** Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
64742-89-8	Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	N.I.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
616-38-6	Dimethyl Carbonate	13000 mg/kg Rat	>5 g/kg Rabbit	140 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
141-78-6	Ethyl Acetate	5620 mg/kg Rat	>20 mL/kg Rabbit	N.I.
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	N.I.	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	2080 mg/kg Rat	>16000 mg/kg Rabbit	8.2 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat
67-56-1	Methanol	5628 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	83.2 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

## 12. Ecological Information

**ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Product is a mixture of listed components.

## 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

## 14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
<b>UN Number:</b>	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
<b>Proper Shipping Name:</b>	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
<b>Hazard Class:</b>	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
<b>Packing Group:</b>	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
<b>Limited Quantity:</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 15. Regulatory Information

**U.S. Federal Regulations:****CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

**Sara Section 313:**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Maleated Styrene-Ethylene/Butylene-Styrene Polymer	PROPRIETARY
Methanol	67-56-1

**Toxic Substances Control Act:**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:**

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Benzene	71-43-2
Naphthalene	91-20-3
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS**

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Methanol	67-56-1
Toluene	108-88-3
Benzene	71-43-2

**International Regulations:****CANADIAN WHMIS:**

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

## 16. Other Information

### HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2\*    Flammability: 4    Physical Hazard: 0    Personal Protection: X

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: AB5 D2A

### NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2    Flammability: 4    Instability: 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 564

MSDS REVISION DATE: 5/15/2015

REASON FOR REVISION: No Information

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

### Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H251	Self-heating: may catch fire.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
H350	May cause cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
H370	Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.

### Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS02



GHS06



GHS07



**GHS08**

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.